

James D. Ahearn

Now I Speak English 1



NUEVA EDICIÓN SEPTIEMBRE, 2018

IMPRESO EN EEUU
PRINTED IN USA

Derechos Reservados
México, 2017

Ma. Gpe. Icaza de Ahearn
James D. Ahearn
Ailes #225
Temixco, Morelos.
México

Dibujos por: Eduardo Molina Moisen

LESSON ONE

READING PRACTICE: THIS IS A SCHOOL

This is a school.

It is a school.



This boy is a student.

William is a student.

He is a student.



This girl is a student.

Susan is a student.

She is a student.



That woman is a teacher.

Miss Walker is a teacher.

She is a teacher.



That man is a doctor.

Mr. Roberts is a doctor.

He is a doctor.



That is a new table.

It is a new table.



This is a new chair.

It is a new chair.



That child is also a student.

Alan is also a student.

He is also a student.



That child is also a student.

Lynn is also a student.

She is also a student.



What is Mr. Roberts?

Mr. Roberts is a doctor.

What is Miss Walker?

Miss Walker is a teacher.



VOCABULARY

Words are listed in order of appearance.

Spanish **cognates** (*análogas, similares*) are not translated.

this: este, esta, esto

that: ese, esa, aquel, aquello, aquella

it: lo, la (pronombre para hablar de una sola cosa o de un animal de sexo indeterminado)

a: un, una

school: escuela

boy: muchacho, niño

student: alumno o estudiante

girl: muchacha, niña

woman – women: mujer o señora– mujeres o señoras

teacher: maestro(a), profesor(a)

man – men: hombre o señor– hombres o señores

doctor: doctor, doctora

new: nuevo, nueva, nuevos, nuevas

table: mesa

chair: silla

child – children: niño(a) - niños(as)

also: también

What: ¿Qué?

hospital: -----

dentist: -----

plural: -----

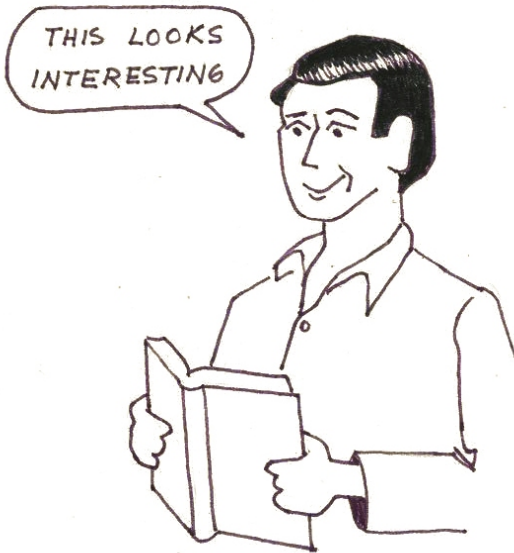
singular: -----

not: no (para negar la acción o modo de ser del verbo)

no: no (para iniciar una respuesta negativa)

foot – feet: pie - pies

tooth – teeth: diente - dientes



SOMETHING NEW No. 1

Negatives and interrogatives with IS:

In negative construction simply put **NOT** after **IS**.

He **is** a doctor.

He **is not** a doctor.

This boy **is** a student.

This boy **is not** a student.

It **is** interesting.

It **is not** interesting.

In interrogative construction begin the sentence with **IS**.

Do not forget to use a question mark (?) to end each question.

She **is** a teacher.

Is she a teacher?

He **is** a good friend.

Is he a good friend?

The table **is** new.

Is the table new?

PRACTICE EXERCISE A. Change to negative.

Ex: This is a school

This is **not** a school.

1. This boy is a doctor.
 - a) William is a doctor.
 - b) He is a doctor.
 - c) This girl is a teacher.
 - d) Susan is a teacher.
 - e) She is a teacher.
2. That woman is a student.
 - a) Miss Walker is a student.
 - b) She is a student.
 - c) That man is a student.
 - d) Mr. Roberts is a student.
 - e) He is a student.
3. That is a new table.
 - a) It is a new table.
 - b) This is a new chair.
 - c) It is a new chair.
4. That boy is a doctor.
 - a) Alan is a doctor.
 - b) He is a doctor.
 - c) That girl is a teacher.
 - d) Lynn is a teacher.
 - e) She is a teacher.
5. That child is a teacher.
 - a) Alan is a teacher.
 - b) He is a teacher.
 - c) That child is a doctor.
 - d) Lynn is a doctor.
 - e) She is a doctor.

(Tape)
(Student)

PRACTICE EXERCISE B. Change to Questions.

Ex: This is a school.

Is this a school?

**(Tape)
(Student)**

1. This boy is a student.
 - a) William is a student.
 - b) He is a student.
 - c) This girl is also a student.
 - d) Susan is also a student.
 - e) She is also a student.
2. That woman is a teacher.
 - a) Miss Walker is a teacher.
 - b) She is a teacher.
 - c) That man is a doctor.
 - d) Mr. Roberts is a doctor.
 - e) He is a doctor.
3. This is a chair.
 - a) It is a chair.
 - b) That is a table.
 - c) It is a table.
4. That child is a student.
 - a) Alan is a student.
 - b) He is a student.
 - c) This child is a student.
 - d) Lynn is a student
 - e) She is a student.

SOMETHING NEW No. 2**PERSONAL PRONOUNS:**

The personal pronouns indicate:

	singular	plural
1st person = the speaker	I	WE
2 nd person = the person spoken to	YOU	YOU
3rd person = the person or thing spoken about	HE	THEY
	SHE	
	IT	

He and **she** also denote gender.

He is masculine: Alan, Dr. Roberts, the boy, the man.

She is feminine: Lynn, Mrs. Roberts, the girl, the woman.

It is neuter: the table, the chair, the school, the dog, the family.

When speaking of animals, if the sex of the animal is known, we use **he** or **she**. If the sex of the animal is unknown, we use **it**.

PRACTICE EXERCISE C. Change to personal pronouns.

Ex: William

(Tape)

William... he

(Student)

- Alan...
 - the doctor...
 - the boy...
 - the girl...
 - the woman...
 - the man...
- Lynn...
 - that school...
 - that table...
 - this chair...
 - Miss Walker...
 - Mr. Roberts...
- the doctor...
 - this school...
 - this table...
 - that chair...
 - the teacher...
 - Susan...

Continued...

SOMETHING NEW No. 3

FORMATION OF PLURALS, Part I:

The majority of English nouns form their plurals by adding an “S”

boy-boys	doctor-doctors
girl-girls	teacher-teachers
table-tables	hospital-hospitals
chair-chairs	dentist-dentists
school-schools	student-students

A few English nouns are irregular in the plural form. They do not end in “S”. Memorize them!

MAN - MEN	WOMAN - WOMEN
CHILD - CHILDREN	FOOT - FEET
TOOTH - TEETH	

PRACTICE EXERCISE E. Singular and plural forms.

Ex: The plural of boy is boys.

(Tape)

The plural of boy is boys.

(Student)

1. The plural of girl is girls.
 - a) The plural of table is tables.
 - b) The plural of chair is . . .
 - c) The plural of school is . . .
 - d) The plural of doctor . . .
 - e) The plural of teacher . . .
 - f) The plural of hospital . . .
 - g) The plural of dentist . . .
 - h) The plural of student . . .
 - i) The plural of man . . .
 - j) The plural of woman . . .
 - k) The plural of child . . .
 - l) The plural of tooth . . .
 - m) The plural of foot . . .

PRACTICE EXERCISE F. Asking questions with WHAT.

Ex: boy

**(Tape)
(Student)**

What is the plural of boy?

1. What is the plural of girl?
 - a) What is the plural of table?
 - b) What is the plural of chair?
 - c) school?
 - d) doctor?
 - e) teacher?
 - f) hospital?
 - g) dentist?
 - h) student?
 - i) man?
 - j) woman?
 - k) child?
 - l) foot?
 - m) tooth?

SMILE A WHILE:

- What is worse than finding a worm in your apple?
- Finding half a worm!



