James D. Ahearn Now I Speak English 1





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LESSON TWO

READING PRACTICE: WE ARE STUDENTS

This school is a university. The name of the university is Central Michigan.

I am a student in this university. You are a student. William is a student. Alan is also a student. William and Alan are students. They are students. They are also friends.

Susan is an English student. Lynn is also an English student. Susan and Lynn are English students. They are English students. They are also friends.

Miss Walker is an English teacher. Miss Parks is a Biology teacher. Miss Walker and Miss Parks are teachers. They are teachers.

Mr. Roberts is a doctor in the school hospital.

Mr. Heming is a dentist.

Mr. Roberts and Mr. Heming are doctors. They are doctors.

Miss Heming is a nurse in the hospital. Miss Johnson is also a nurse. Miss Heming and Miss Johnson are nurses. They are nurses.













Lesson 2

VOCABULARY

Words are listed in order of appearance. Spanish cognates are not translated.

university: ----the: el, la, los, las. En inglés el artículo definido "the" es masculino, femenino, singular, y plural. (Ver: Something New No. 12, pg. 42) friend: amigo(a) English: inglés biology: nurse: enfermera, enfermero good: bueno, buena, buenos, buenas old: viejo, vieja, viejos, viejas **book:** libro pen: pluma pencil: lápiz green: verde, verdes pretty: bonito, bonita, bonitos, bonitas; bastante excellent: excelente, excelentes central: name: nombrar, nombre because: porque part: every: cada day: día every day: todos los días. as in como en



PRACTICE EXERCISE. The English alphabet A to E.

- 1. A.... A as in Able.
 - B ... **B** as in **b**oy.
 - C.... C as in class.
 - D.... **D** as in **d**entist.
 - E.... E as in easy.
- 2. A, B, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E
- 3. **A** as in **A**ble.
 - **B** as in **b**oy.
 - \mathbf{D} as in \mathbf{D} by.
 - C as in class.
 - **D** as in dentist.
 - E as in easy.
- 4. A, B, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E



SOMETHING NEW No. 4	
TO BE (ser - estar) IN THE PRESENT TENSE:	
I AM a student. YOU ARE a student. HEIS a student. William is a student. The boy is a student. SHE IS a student. Susan is a student. The girl is a student. IT IS new. This table is new. That chair is new.	SINGULAR
 WE ARE students. You and I are students. Alan and I are students. YOU ARE students. You and he are students. You and they are students. THEY ARE students. Alan and she are students. The doctors are students. The tables are new. 	PLURAL
QUESTION FORM	NEGATIVE FORM
Am I?	I am not. You are not
Are you? Is he?	You are not. He is not.
Is she?	She is not.
Is it?	It is not.
Are we?	We are not.
Are you?	You are not.
Are they?	They are not.

PRACTICE EXERCISE A. TO BE present tense. Repeat only. Ex:I am a student. (Tape) I am a student. (Student) You are a student. (Tape) You are a student. (Student) 1. I am a dentist. a) You are a dentist. b) He is a doctor. c) She is a teacher. d) It is a university. e) We are students. f) You are nurses. g) They are dentists. 2. I am a teacher. a) We are teachers. b) You are a doctor. c) He is a dentist. d) They are dentists. e) She is a nurse. They are nurses. f) 3. The boy is a student. a) The boys are students. b) They are students. c) The girl is a student. d) The girls are students. e) They are students. He is a student. f) 4 He is a doctor a) The man is a doctor. b) The men are doctors. c) She is a nurse. d) The woman is a nurse. e) The women are nurses. I am a student. f) 5 I am a dentist. a) We are dentists. b) You and I are students. c) We are students.

PRACTICE EXERCISE B. TO BE present tense. Repeat only.

Ex:She and you are friends.

She and you are friends.

- 1. You and the doctor are friends.
 - a) Alan and you are students.
 - b) You are students.
 - c) William and Alan are students.
 - d) They are students.
 - e) The boys and the girls are friends.
 - f) They are friends.
- 2. The doctor and the nurse are in the hospital.
 - a) They are in the hospital.
 - b) Lynn and Susan are in the school.
 - c) They are in the school.
 - d) The child is a good student.
 - e) The children are good students.
 - f) They are good students.
- 3. I am in the university.
 - a) The table is new.
 - b) It is new.
 - c) The pen is on the table.
 - d) It is on the table.
 - e) The school is a university.
 - f) It is a university.
- 4. The table and the chair are new.
 - a) They are new.
 - b) The pen and the pencil are good.
 - c) They are good.
 - d) The school and the hospital are new.
 - e) They are new.
 - f) I am a good student.





(Tape) (Student)

SOMETHING NEW No. 5

ADJECTIVES:

An adjective is a word which modifies a noun or substantive in one of the following manners:

- 1. To limit I have *two* books.
- 2. To qualify This is an *excellent* book.
- 3. To specify I like the *green* pen

Unlike Spanish, adjectives in English always come before the nouns they modify and do not change to indicate gender or number.

Notice that the adjectives **new**, **pretty**, **good**, and **old** do not change in the following singular and plural examples.

This is a new pencil.	These are new pencils.
She is a pretty girl.	They are pretty girls.
He is a good doctor.	They are good doctors.
That is an old school.	Those are old schools.

PRACTICE EXERCISE C. Change to questions. Ex:I am a good student.

Am I a good student?

(Tape) (Student)

- 1. You are a doctor.
 - a) He is a dentist.
 - b) She is a teacher.
 - c) It is a table.
 - d) We are nurses.
 - e) You are good children.
 - f) They are schools.
- 2. The boys are students.
 - a) The table is new.
 - b) They are good doctors.
 - c) The chairs are new.
 - d) I am a student.
- 3. This is a school.
 - a) The university is new.
 - b) The nurses are friends.
 - c) Alan is a student.
 - d) Alan and William are students.

Continued...



- 4. The table is in the school.
 - a) The children are good students.
 - b) The men are in the hospital.
 - c) Miss Heming is a nurse.
 - d) It is a chair.

PRACTICE EXERCISE D. Change to negative.

Ex: I am a good friend.

I am not a good friend.

1. I am a good student.

- a) You are a doctor.
- b) He is a dentist.
- c) She is a teacher.
- d) It is a table.
- 2. We are nurses.
 - a) You are children.
 - b) They are schools.
 - c) I am a good student.
 - d) This is a chair.
- 3. The boys are students.
 - a) The table is new.
 - b) They are doctors.
 - c) The chair is new.
 - d) I am a nurse.
- 4. This is a school.
 - a) The university is new.
 - b) The nurses are friends.
 - c) Alan is a student.
 - d) Alan and William are students.
- 5. The table is in the school.
 - a) The men are in the hospital.
 - b) The children are good students.
 - c) Miss Heming is a teacher.

(Tape) (Student)

PRACTICE EXERCISE E. This exercise is for reading and listening comprehension.

This school is the University of Central Michigan. It is named Central Michigan because it is located in the central part of the state of Michigan.

We are students at this university. William and Alan are students also. Lynn and Susan are English students. The boys and girls are good friends.

Miss Walker is the English teacher in this school. She is a good teacher. Miss Parks is the Biology teacher in the university. She is also a good teacher.

Mr. Roberts is a doctor in the university hospital. Mr. Heming is a dentist. They are in the hospital every day. Miss Heming and Miss Johnson are nurses in the hospital. They are good nurses.

SMILE A WHILE:

Teacher to Mr. Jones: Mr. Jones, what is the plural of woman? Mr. Jones: That's easy! The plural of woman is trouble.



trouble = líos, molestias, problemas, dificultades



Lesson 3